

## INTRODUCTION

## Dear customer

Congratulations on your purchase of this ad vanced personal electronic calculator This sophisticated model has 10 special keys making it highly valuable for scientific and all kind of research work. Besides the basic capabilities as ordinary personal calculator - constants in all 4 basic functions, full floating decimal system, and a handy palmsized style - this model is equipped with cana bilities for computing 10 specific scientific func tions at one touch
To utilize full features of this calculator, no special training is required but we suggest you minutes to become familiar with this instruction manual
It has been written to assist you in understanding the various control keys and functions of th the aious coroh applications.

## INDEX

1 KEYBOARD
2 HANDLING OF TH CALCULATOR
3 DISPOSABLE DRY BATTERY ........ 2 AC OPERATION 3

3.1 DRY BATTERY OPERATION.3

3-2 AC OPERATION .................... 3
4 OVERFLOW . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3
5 BASIC OPERATIONAL EXAMPLES . . . 4
6 CALCULATION WITH A CONSTANT . . 5
CORRECTION . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6
FUNCTION CALCULATION ....... 7
8-1 TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTION ..... 8
8-2 EXPONENTIAL AND
Logart hmic Functions10
AND RECIPROCALS ..... 11
8-4 CALCULATION INVOLVING $\pi$12
9 PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS ..... 13
10 SPECIFICATIONS ..... 16
CARE OF YOURNEW ELECTRONIC CALCULATOR16
$1 / K E Y B O A R D$

(1) ON-OFF SWITCH

To switch on, move the left-hand switch to the right " 0 ." is displayed in the read-out and you can start operation immediately without depress ing the or key.
(2) READ-OUT

An 8 digit capacity Digitron tube panel brightly displays each entry each result whether final or intermediate.
(3) ZERO SUPPRESSION

Unnecessary O's (zeroes) are suppressed.
(4) 0 ~ $9 \cdot \square$ NUMERAL and DECIMAL POINT KEY
Enters numerals to the read-out. If the number ncludes the decimal point, use the $\square$ key in its in secimal point, use the key in it 1236 depress 2
When decimal places are involved, a full floating decimal point system with whole number prefrence (underflow) is applied automatically in all erence (underflow) is applied automatically in all ulations.
(5) ㅍ. 日 ㅈ․ 훙 E FUNCTION

COMMAND and RESULT KEY
Commands the functions (,,$+- x$ or $\div$ ). Depress the appropriate function keys as they appear in
the written problem and the answer is obtained b'y depressing the 目 key.
Note that any commands wrongly made can be corrected by successive depression of the prope command key.
(6) C CLEAR KEY

Clears keyboard entry for correction. When depressed immediately after any of the comman
(7) AC ALL CLEAR KEY

Clears the entire machine and releases the overflow check.
(8) $\pi \pi$ KEY

Enters the circular constant in 7 digits (3.141592).
(9) 109 COMMON LOGARITHM KEY Obtains the common logarithm of the display. (10) In NATURAL LOGARITHM KEY Obtains the natural logarithm of the display. (11) $e^{\mathrm{e}}$ EXPONENTIAL KEY Obtains the exponential of the display.
(12) $a^{\text {a }} \mathrm{N}$-th POWER KEY

Instructs the display to raise to N -th power.
(13) $1 / x$ RECIPROCAL KEY

Obtains the reciprocal number of the display
(14) $\because$ SEXAGESIMAL $\rightarrow$ DECIMAL CONVERSION KEY
Converts the display to the decimal scale.

## (15) sin SINE KEY

Obtains the sine of the angle on display.
(16) COS COSINE KEY

Obtains the cosine of the angle on display.
(17) tan TANGENT KEY

Obtains the tangent of the angle on display.
(18) SQUARE ROOT KEY

Obtains the square root of the display.

## 2/HANDLING OF THE CALCULATOR

Before operation, please be sure to check the proper setting of the dry batteries or connection of the AC Adaptor.
The calculator should be operated correctly in accordance with this instruction manual with firm and separate key pressing. Two or more numeral and/or command keys should not be pressed simultaneously, as this may damage the machine.

## 3/DISPOSABLE DRY BATTERY <br> OR AC OPERATION

This calculator operates on either dry batteries or AC with the use of the AC ADAPTOR.

## 3-1 DRY BATTERY OPERATION

With four Alkaline dry batteries (AM-3) it operates for approximately 17 hours continuously. Even when battery power decreases, the display will merely darken but cause no miscalculation.
When you have finished your calculation, be sure to switch off the power switch to save battery
To change batteries, put the power switch off first. Slide open the battery cover and replace batteries.

## 3-2 AC OPERATION

If you are in a 117 V area, for instance, use a 117 V AC ADAPTOR.
When you use an AC ADAPTOR of a different voltage, it may cause damage to both the AC
ADAPTOR and calculator. Plug the applicable AC ADAPTOR (100, 117, 220 or 240 V ) into the AC outlet and the cord into the calculator. When plugged in, battery power supply stops automatically, so battery power is not wasted,

4/DVERFLOW
Principally, overflow occurs when the integer part of an answer exceeds 8 digits 17, when the figure is negative) and stops further calculation, showing 0's (zeroes) on all columns.
In function calculations, however, the overflow also occurs in the following instances:
a) When either a common or natural logarithm of 0 (zero) is obtained.
b) When the trigonometric functions are performed for a degree exceeding $\pm 1440^{\circ}$.
c) When the exponential function is performed for a number exceeding $\pm 10$.
d) When the answer of a Tangent is larger than $\pm 1000$.

Depress the key to release the overflow check prior to starting a new calculation.

5／BASIC OPERATIONAL EXAMPLES
Press the keys in exactly the same sequence as they appear in the problems．There is no need to depress the or key prior to starting each new calculation，as automatic clearing takes place with the new entry when you have finished the previous calculation on the $曰$ key． When the answer is negative，the minus（ - ）sign appears on the left of the figure．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $23+56+89=168$ | 23 ＋ 56 \＃ 89日 | 23. | （23＋56）（Answer） |
|  |  | 79. |  |
|  |  | 168. |  |
| $1.2+4.56-52.369=-46.609$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \circlearrowleft 2 \boxminus \\ 4 \backsim 56 日 \\ 52 \% 369 日 \end{array}$ | 1.2 | $(1.2+4.56)$ <br> （Answer） |
|  |  | 5.76 |  |
|  |  | －46．609 |  |
| $41.36 \times 789.2=32641.312$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 囚 36 区 \\ & 789 \cdot 2 日 \end{aligned}$ | 41.36 | （Answer） |
|  |  | 32641.312 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3.059 \div 1.288 \div 0.222 \\ & =10.698198 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3.059 | $(3.059 \div 1.288)$ <br> （Answer） |
|  |  | 2.375 |  |
|  |  | 10.698198 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12.36 \times 7.53 \times 8412 \\ & =782911.56(96) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12.36 区 \\ 7.53 \boldsymbol{x} \\ 8412 \text { 日 } \end{array}$ | 12.36 | $(12.36 \times 7.53)$ <br> （96 is dropped off） |
|  |  | 93.0708 |  |
|  |  | 782911.56 |  |

Note：1）When an answer exceeds 8 digits including decimal places，the underflow system works to drop off the least significant decimals as in the above example．

Note：2）When a problem commences from a negative figure，operate $\boldsymbol{\square} E$ ENTRY in its sequence and the negative figure can be entered in all calculations．

## 6／CALCULATION WITH A CONSTANT

During operation，the number entered immediately before the 日 key is automatically set as a con－ stant in all four functions．When a new operation is made，it clears the previous constant and sets the number entered in the same manner as a new constant automatically．

ENTRY区（田，（\＃）ENTRY日

EXAMPLE
OPERATION READ－OUT

| Addition／subtraction by repeat | $3+9+9-6-6=9$ |  | 12. | $\begin{aligned} & (3+9) \\ & (12+9) \\ & (21-6) \\ & (15-6) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 21. |  |
|  |  |  | 15. |  |
|  |  |  | 9. |  |
| Square and power calculation | $2.5^{2}-6.25$ | 2050昌 | 6.25 | （Square） （3rd power） （4th power） |
|  | $2.5{ }^{3}=15.625$ |  | 15.625 |  |
|  | $2.5^{4}=39.0625$ |  | 39.0625 |  |

Note：When underflow works in addition／subtraction with a constant，the decimal places of the constant is also cut off in accordance with the underflow activity
For instance，if you perform $12345.6+0.1234=12345.723(4), 0.123$ is set as a constant
instead of 0.1234 ，as the least significant decimal digit is dropped off by the underflow．

## 7 CORRECTION

Use the key to clear a wrongly entered number and re－enter the right number．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION |  | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11+22+32=65$ | （Mistake） <br> （To clear | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \boldsymbol{\#} \\ & 22 \boldsymbol{m} \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 11. |
|  |  |  | 33. |
|  |  |  | 34. |
|  |  | ［ | 0. |
|  |  | 32 B | 65. |

READ－OUT

Any commands wrongly entered can be corrected by successive depression of the proper command
The last command made by either $\boldsymbol{\Psi}, ~ \boldsymbol{\square}$ or $\mathbb{B}$ key is effective．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION |  | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8-3=5$ | （Mistake） （To correct | 8 | 8. |
|  |  | 圆 | 8. |
|  |  | E | 8. |
|  |  | $3 日$ | 5. |

## 8／FUNCTION CALCULATION

This calculator computes 10 specific scientific functions at one touch independent of the basic arithmetic calculations．
So it is necessary to change the order of operation when you desire to use some of the scientific So it is necessary to change the order of operation when you desire first and to use the result in basic calculations．
For example，when you perform such an operation as［ $5 \times \sin 30^{\circ}$ ］，calculate［ $\sin 30^{\circ}$ ］first and multiply 5 to the answer of $\left[\sin 30^{\circ}\right]$ on display．
However，the $\left.\left[a^{7}\right],[\sqrt{2}], \sqrt{7}\right]$ and $[\pi$ keys can be used as subroutine in the midst of basic calculations， Note that automatic clearing is also made in function calculations and there is no need to depress the key prior to starting the new problem．
＊This calculator computes as $\pi=3.141592$ and $e=2.7182818$ respectively
SEXAGESIMAL $\rightarrow$ DECIMAL CONVERSION
The .0 key converts the sexagesimal figures（Degree，Minute and Second）to decimal scale．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $47^{\circ} 25^{\prime} 36^{\prime \prime}=47.426666 \ldots$ | 47 － | 47. |
|  | 25 －6 | 47.416666 |
|  | 36 … | 47.426666 |

## 8－1／TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTION

The［sin，，and and keys obtain each trigonometric value of the entry．In case the degree is given on the sexagesimal scale，it is necessary to convert the figure to the decimal scale before performing the trigonometric functions．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sin 78^{\circ}=0.97814 \ldots$ | 78 國 | 0.97814 |
| $\sin \left(-41^{\circ}\right)=-0.65605 \ldots$ | 匈－41日國 | －0．65605 |
| $\cos 45^{\circ}=0.70710$ | 45 | 0.7071 |
| $\tan 123^{\circ}=-1.53986$ | 123 tim | －1．53986 |
| $\tan 85^{\circ} 14^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}=12.0134 \ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \cdots \\ & 14 \cdots \cdots \end{aligned}$ | 85．233333 |
|  | $30 \times$ | 85.241666 |
|  | ［10n） | 12.0134 |
| $2 \sin 18^{\circ}=0.61802 \ldots$ | 18 回 | 0.30901 |
|  | $\pm$ | 0.30901 |
|  | 2日 | 0.61802 |

Note：a）The inverse hyperbolic sine，also called antihyperbolic sine，is defined and denoted as follows： $y=\sinh ^{-1} x \quad$ if $\quad x=\sinh y$.
Similarly for the other inverse functions．
Since the hyperbolic functions are exponential，the inverse functions must be logarithmic From the following explicit formulas，their values can be found．
（1） $\sinh ^{-1} x=\ln \left(x+\sqrt{x^{2}+1}\right)$
（2） $\cosh ^{-1} x=\ln \left(x+\sqrt{x^{2}-1}\right), x \geqq 1$ ．
EXAMPLE
OPERATION
READ－OUT


Note：b）The value of cot，sec and cosec can also be found from the following formula．
（1） $\cot A=\frac{1}{\tan A}$ ；
（2）$\quad \sec A=\frac{1}{\cos A}$ ；
（3） $\operatorname{cosec} A=\sqrt{1+\cot ^{2} A}=\sqrt{1+\left(\frac{1}{\tan A}\right)^{2}}$

|  | PLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （1） | $\cot 18^{\circ}=3.077775$ | 18 國圆 | 3.077775 |
| （2） | $\sec 12^{\circ}=1.022348$ ． | 12 达图 | 1.022348 |
| （3） | $\operatorname{cosec} 15^{\circ}=3.863826$ |  | 3.863826 |

## 8－2／EXPONENTIAL AND LOGARITHMIC

 FUNCTIONSThe key performs an exponential function．$(|x|<10)$ ．

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $e^{5.2}=181.272 \ldots$ | 5 －2 ex | 181.272 |
| $4.56{ }^{1.23}=\mathrm{e}^{1.23 . \ln 4.56}=6.46435 \ldots$ |  | 6.46435 |
| $\sqrt[3]{216}=216^{\frac{1}{3}}=e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \ln 216}=6$ |  | 6. |
| $e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}=4.81047$ ．． | 园团2日 ${ }^{\text {ax }}$ | 4.81047 |

The 100 key obtains the common logarithmics of the display．

EXAMPLE
$\log _{10} 41=\log 41=1.61278$
$\log 2.3=0.36172$
OPERATION
READ－OUT

The［10 key obtains the natural logarithmics of the display，
EXAMPLE

OPERATION
READ－OUT

| $\ln 6.3=\log _{\mathrm{e}} 6.3=1.84055 \ldots$ | 6 － 1 加 | 1.84055 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ln 0.31=-1.17118$ |  | $-1.17118$ |

## 8－3／POWERS，SQUARE RODTS AND RECIPRDCALS

The $\sqrt{a^{n}}$ key obtains the $N$－th power of either entry or result by the successive entry of＂$n$＂．


The $\sqrt{ }$ key extracts the square root of either entry or result．
EXAMPLE
OPERATION READ－OUT
$\sqrt{5}=2.236067$
$5 \square \quad 2.236067$
$2 \times \sqrt{2}=2.828426$

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{0.789}=1.267427 \ldots$ | －789図 | 1.267427 |
| $\frac{1}{3+5}=0.125$ | 3世5日図 | 0.125 |
| $3 \times \frac{1}{45}=0.0666666$ | $3 \times 45$ 図日 | 0.0666666 |
| $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2 \times \sqrt{3}}=0.6454972 \ldots$ | 2区3日回5日図 | 0.6454972 |

## 8－4／CALCULATION INVOLVING $\pi$

The $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ key enters the circular constant in 7 digits（3．141592）

| EXAMPLE | OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\pi=3.141592 \ldots$ | $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ | 3.141592 |
| $2 \pi=6.283184 \ldots$ | 2 区园日 | 6.283184 |
| $e-\frac{1}{\pi}=2.3999701 \ldots$ | 1 园日 | 2.3999701 |

1）TRIGONOMETRY


Determine $a$ and $b$ in the figure shown left when $r$ is $4.472(\mathrm{~cm})$ and $\theta$ is $26^{\circ} 33^{\prime} 54^{\prime \prime}$ ．
［FORMULA］$a=r \cdot \cos \theta$ $\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{r} \cdot \sin \theta$


Note：1）When a and $\theta$ are given， b is also obtained by the following formula．

$$
\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{a} \cdot \tan \theta \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{a}=3.9998462(\mathrm{~cm}) \\
\theta=26^{\circ} 33^{\prime} 54^{\prime \prime}
\end{array}\right.
$$


2）When $r$ and $a$ are given，$b$ is also obtained by the following formula．
$b=\sqrt{r^{2}-a^{2}}\left\{\begin{array}{l}r=4.472(\mathrm{~cm}) \\ a=3.9998462\end{array}\right.$


2）AREA OF CIRCLE


Determine the semi－diameter（ $r$ ）in the figure shown left when the area of circle（ $S$ ）is $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ ．
［FORMULA］
$\mathrm{S}=\pi \cdot \mathrm{r}^{2}$

$$
\therefore r=\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{S}}{\pi}}
$$

## OPERATION READ－OUT

 20 图园日目 $2.523132(\mathrm{~cm})[=r]$3）CUBIC VOLUME


Determine the cubic volume（V）of the figure shown left， when $r=2(\mathrm{~cm})$ and $r_{1}=15(\mathrm{~cm})$ ．
［FORMULA］$V=2 \pi^{2} \cdot r_{1} \cdot r^{2}$

| OPERATION | READ－OUT |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $1184.352\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)[=\mathrm{V}]$ |

4）ELECTRIC CURRENT IN TRANSIENT PHENOMENA


Determine the ratio of electric current（i）in the RL circuit（ $\mathrm{R}=$ $20 \Omega, L=3 H$ ）shown left 0.2 second after the switch is closed．
［FORMULA］$i=\frac{E}{R}\left(1-e^{-\frac{R}{L} t}\right), \quad i=\frac{E}{R}$

$$
\therefore \frac{i}{i} \times 100=\left(1-e^{-\frac{R}{L} t}\right) \times 100
$$

OPERATION
READ－OUT

## 10/SPECIFICATIONS

## OPERATIONS

Addition, subtraction, single/chain multiplication, single/chain division, addition/subtraction by repeat, constant calculation in four functions, mixed calculation, true credit balance and calculation ing decimal places.
Trigonometric functions ( $\sin , \cos , \tan$ ), common and natural logarithms, exponential function, squar and powers, square root, reciprocals, sexagesimal/decimal conversion and calculation involving $\pi$.

## CAPACITY:

Input Range

Entry/basic functions sin/cos/tan
Common/natural logarithms
$N$-th power ( $a^{n}$ )
Exponential function
Reciprocal
Sexagesimal/decimal conversion
$\pi$ DECIMAL POINT: 8 digits
$-360^{\circ} \leqq x \leqq 36$
$0<x<10^{8}$ (Negative figure is processed as positive) $-10^{7}<a<10^{8}$
$-10<x<10$
$\begin{aligned}-10 & <x<10 \\ 0 \leq x & <10^{8}\end{aligned}$ (Negative figure is processed as positive)
$-10^{7}<x<10^{8}$
$0<x<10$
7 digits
NEGATIVE NUMBE
Full floating decimal point system with underflow.
Checked by by minus ( - ) sign up to 7 digits.
READ-OUT: Green Digy zero indication on all columns, locking the calculator.
MAIN COMPONENT:
POWER CONSUMPTION:
One chip LSI
POWER SOURCE:
AC $100,117,220$ or $240 \mathrm{~V}( \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}), 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with applicable AC Adaptor.
DC UM- 3 or SUM-3 (Manganese dry battery) $\times 4$ (pieces).
Continuous operation: Approx. 8 hours.
AM-3 (Alkaline dry battery) $\times 4$ (pieces).
USABLE TEMPERATURE: $\quad 0^{\circ} \sim 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \sim 104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$
DIMENSIONS: $\quad 33 \mathrm{mmH} \times 95 \mathrm{mmW} \times 150 \mathrm{mmD}\left(1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 3.3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 5.7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D}\right)$
WEIGHT: $\quad 330 \mathrm{~g}(12 \mathrm{oz})$, including batteries.

## CARE OF YOUR NEW ELECTRONIC <br> CALCULATOR

This calculator is a durable, precision-made instrument which will provide you with years of troublefree service.
To help ensure this we recommend that the inside of the calculator not be touched. It is also inadvisable to subject the calculator to hard knocks, drops, and unduly strong key pressing. Extreme cold (below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), heat (above $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) and humidity may also effect the the function of the calculator. When you do not use the calculator for a long meriod, take out the you switch off the por when you finh your calculations or intend to open the cover to change batteries
Should the calculator need service, take the unit to the store where purchased or to a nearby dealer.

[^0]
[^0]:     WARRANTY
    New STPERTY TREMINGTON Consumer Electronic Calculators are warranted to be in satisfactory operating condition when delivered. Should any part prove defective in material or workmanship within 90 .days after delivery, replacement of same will be made without charge.
    Adjustments will be provided free of charge for the warranty period. This warranty does not include replacement of parts due to misuse, neglect and damage. Should this equipment require service, contact - for service instructions the SPERRY REMINGTON OFFICE SYSTEM and MACHINES, or Authorized Deale Customer is responsible for Proof of Purchase Date. Save invoice or sales slip.

