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**SHARP COMPET  
ELSI MATE**

ELECTRONIC CALCULATOR

**EL-8300**

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

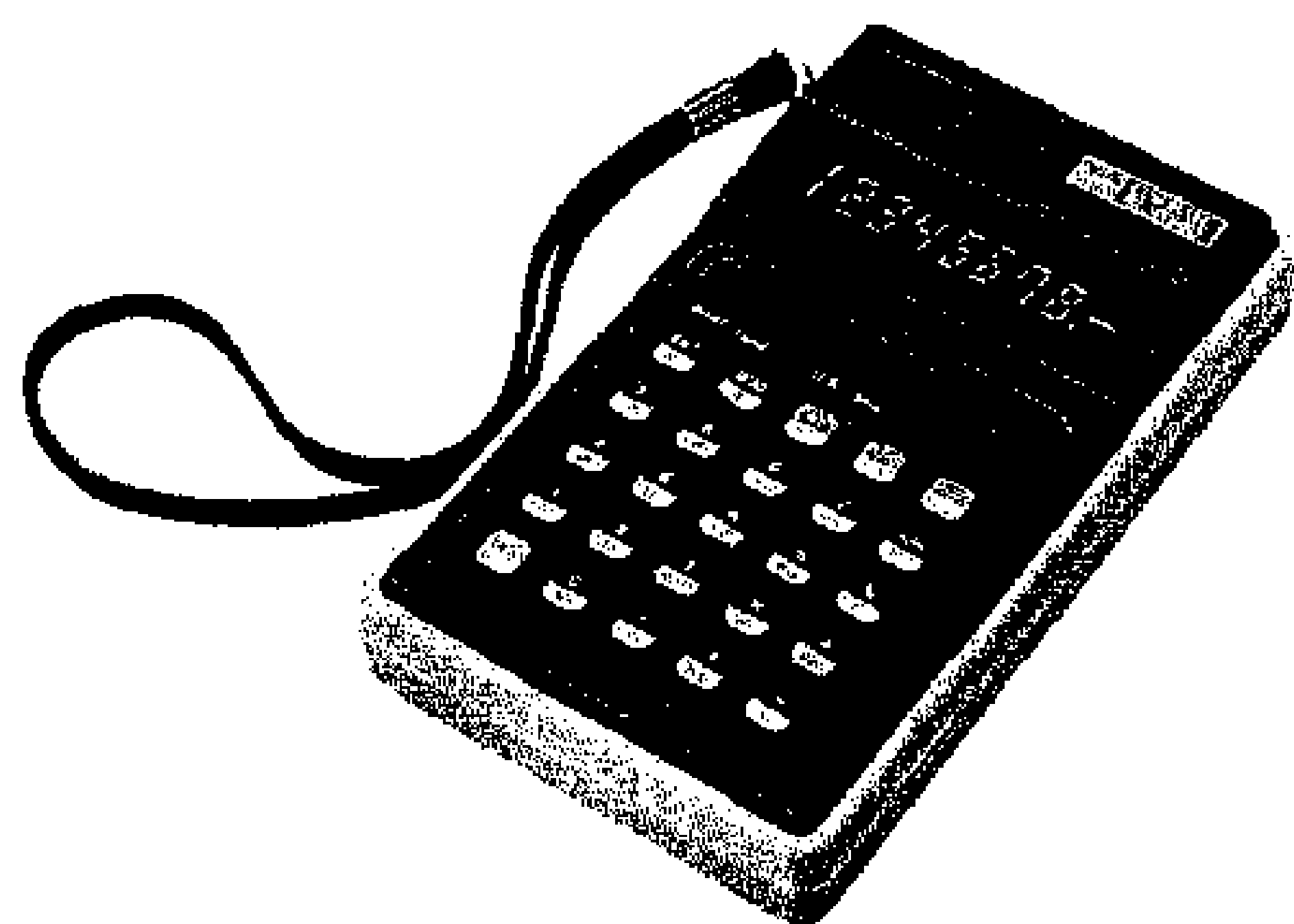
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## INTRODUCTION

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The new EL-8300 is a special calculation with unit conversion function. There is so much it can do! The compact solid state LSI circuitry enables calculations up to 8 digits instantly, with maximum economy and stability. Fractional calculations and unit conversion can be easily performed.

So many deep think extras, too including tax/discount calculation, percentage calculation and many others. The EL-8300 even has a unique decimal position select function! A real time-saving, work-saving companion from the world's leading manufacturer of electronic calculators!

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## FEATURES

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- Constant addition/subtraction/multiplication/division
- Square calculation
- Reciprocal calculation
- Power calculation
- Tax/Discount calculation
- Chain calculation
- Repeat addition & subtraction
- Complete sign logic system
- Percentage calculation
- Unit conversion calculation
- Fractional calculation
- Algebraic calculation method
- Approximate results in excess of 8 digits
- Decimal position function

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## OVERFLOW ERROR

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Overflow error is detected in the following cases: difference

1. When the integer portion of sum, difference, product and quotient exceeds 8 digits.
2. When the integer portion of the unit conversion result exceeds 8 digits.
3. When the unit conversion is mistaken. (For example, g → m).
4. When divisor is zero.

When the overflow error (1) or (2) takes place, approximate result and decimal points are all displayed with the sign  $\square$  ( $\square$  in the case of negative value).

The overflow error can be reset by using  $\square$ .

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## HOW TO REPLACE THE BATTERY

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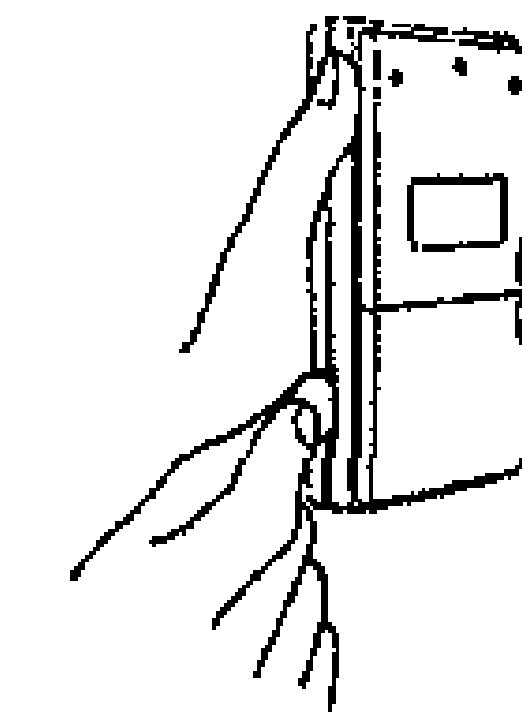


Fig. 1

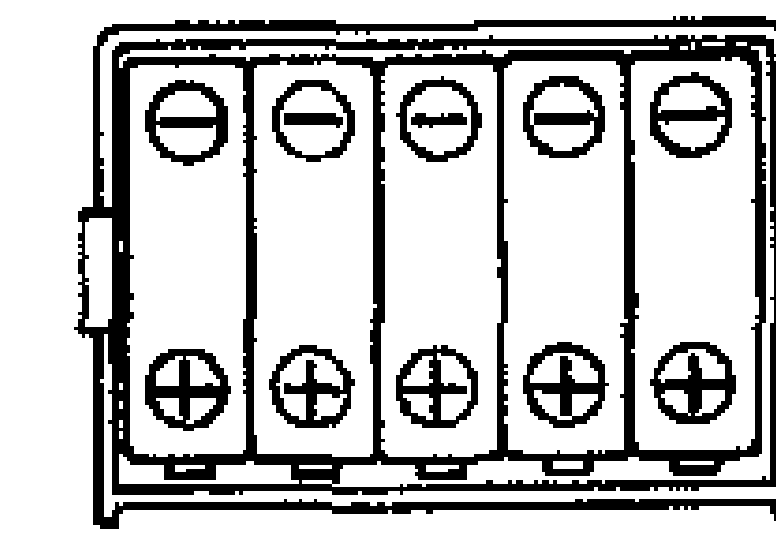


Fig. 2

Turn off the power source switch.

1. Hold the unit with its display part facing down.
2. Put a coin into a groove on the side of the unit to release the hook inside the unit. (Fig.1)
3. Take out the battery case. (Fig.2)

## CALCULATION EXAMPLES

### 1.) Addition subtraction, multiplication and division

Key operations are to be in accordance with algebraic method.

Addend	} $\leq 8$ digits	Augend	} $\leq 8$ digits
Minuend		Subtrahend	
Multiplicand		Multiplier	
Dividend		Divisor	

Sum	} $\leq 8$ digits	Decimal portion $\leq 7$ digits
Difference		
Product		
Quotient		

## CAUTION

1. When the voltage of the battery is lowered, the display will become dark.  
In such a case please exchange the battery with new one.
2. In case you do not use this calculator for a long time, please take out the battery and preserve it in a dry, cool and shady place.

## 2). Unit conversion

In case of conversion in the some group such as weight unit group, volume (capacity) u group, and temperature unit group, conversion is executed by any keys of **CONV1**, **CONV2**, or **CONV3**. In case of conversion among length units, execution is as follow

**CONV1**: conversion of length units (i.e.m  $\rightarrow$  cm)

**CONV2**: conversion of area units (i.e.m<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  cm<sup>2</sup>)

**CONV3**: conversion of volume units (i.e.m<sup>3</sup>  $\rightarrow$  cm<sup>3</sup>)

Overflow error is detected when conversion among different unit group is executed.

Conversion can be executed even during calculation.

Length units : mm, cm, m, Km, inch, feet, yard, mile

Weight units : gram, Kg, lb, OZ

Volume units: fl-oz, qt, gal, ml, lit







Temperature units: °C, °F

Nautical miles and statute miles can be converted by Naut/Land switch. Concerning fl-o: qt, and gal, both US type and UK type can be converted by U-S/Imp switch.







Key operation is as follows.

**N** **CONV1(2,3)** **N unit** **Unit to be converted**

Conversion of length, area, and volume units

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
5.7 nautical miles = ? land miles	5.7	5.7	Naut/Land switch→ Naut
	CONV 1/MI	5.7	
		5.7	
		6.5594431	
1m <sup>2</sup> =?cm <sup>2</sup>	1	1.	
	CONV 2/MI	1.	
		1.	
		10000.	
1cm <sup>3</sup> =?mm <sup>3</sup>	1	1.	
	CONV 3/MI	1.	
		1.	
		1000.	

Conversion of weight units

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
3Kg = ?g (1)	3	3.	3Kg = ?g
3000g=?OZ (2)	CONV 1/MI	3.	Ans. (1)
105.8218 OZ = ?lb (3)		3.	
		3000.	3000 g = ?OZ
	CONV 1/MI	3000.	
		3000.	Ans. (2)
		105.82188	
	CONV 2/MI	105.82188	105.82188 OZ=?lb
		105.82188	Ans. (3)
		6.6138675	

Conversion of volume units

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
37.57 uk gal = ? us gal	37.57	37.57	U.S. Imp switch → Imp
	CONV 1/MI	37.57	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	37.57	UK gal U-S/Imp switch → U-S
	$\frac{3}{2}$	37.57	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	37.57	
45.119702 US gal = ? US quarts	$\frac{3}{2}$	45.119702	U-S gal U-S. gal
	CONV 1/MI	45.119702	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	45.119702	
180.4788 US gal = ? liters	$\frac{3}{2}$	180.4788	U-S gal U-S quarts
	CONV 3/MIII	180.4788	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	180.4788	U-S quarts liters
	$\frac{1}{4}$	170.79664	
	$\frac{1}{4}$	170.79664	

Conversion of temperature units

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
0°C = ?°F	0	0.	
	CONV 1/MI	0.	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	0.	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	32.	
212°F = ?°C	212	212.	
	CONV 2/MII	212.	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	212.	
	$\frac{3}{2}$	100.	

3) Memory function

Memory register has 3 words. Memory function operates in accordance with  $X \rightarrow M$  and  $RM$  by following key operation.

In case of  $X \rightarrow M$  :

- ENT/A CONV 1/MI Number of display register enters memory MI.
- ENT/A CONV 2/MII Number of display register enters memory MII.
- ENT/A CONV 3/MIII Number of display register enters memory MIII.

In case of **RM** :

- READ/B** **CONV 1/MI** Number of memory register MI recalls display register.
- READ/B** **CONV 2/MII** Number of memory register MII recalls display register.
- READ/B** **CONV 3/MIII** Number of memory register MIII recalls display register.

These memory functions can be used for normal unit conversion.

#### 4) Normal unit conversion

In case of  $A = \alpha B$  ( $\alpha$ : conversion coefficient), key operation for unit conversion is as follows.

$$\alpha \text{ [ENT/A]} \text{ [CONV/MI]} \text{ N [CONV/MI]} \text{ [ENT/A]} \text{ [ENT/B]} \rightarrow N\alpha$$

$$\text{[CONV/MI]} \text{ [ENT/A]} \text{ [ENT/B]} \rightarrow N/\alpha$$

N : Numeral keys

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
\$1 = 2.65DM	2.65	2.65	Input 1\$ = 2.65DM
	<b>ENT/A</b>	2.65	
	<b>CONV1/MI</b>	2.65	
\$100 = ? DM	100	100.	\$100 = 26.5 (DM)
	<b>CONV1/MI</b>	100.	
	<b>ENT/A</b>	100.	
	<b>ENT/B</b>	265.	
	<b>ENT/A</b>	265.	
5DM = ?\$	5	5.	5DM = 1.8867924 (\$)
	<b>CONV1/MI</b>	5.	
	<b>ENT/B</b>	5.	
	<b>ENT/A</b>	1.8867924	
	<b>ENT/B</b>	1.8867924	
	<b>ENT/A</b>	1.8867924	

#### 5) Decimal position

Decimal position is set by **ENT/A** **+** **N** operation. N is to be 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8, and  
In case of N=8,9 Decimal position is in complete floating mode. (F-7-6-5-4-3-2-1-0)

Even if decimal position is performed, numbers before decimal position are displayed when complete floating mode is redesignated.

Complete floating mode is automatically designated by power-on.



Key operation	Display	Remarks
Power on		
2	2.	
3	0.666666	
<b>ENT/A</b>	0.666666	} TAB = 4
4	0.6667	
<b>ENT/A</b>	0.6667	} TAB = 0
0	0.6667	
0	1.	
	0.	Cost. cal (0.666666÷3)
<b>ENT/A</b>	0.	} TAB = F
	0.	
9	0.222222	
	0.074074	Cost. cal (0.222222÷3)

### 6) Clear key function

- 1) Resets overflow error in case of error detection. But registers and memory contents are protected.
- 2) When such modes as , **READ** , **CONV1/MI** , **CONV2/MII** , **CONV3/MIII** and are designated, cancels these modes.
- 3) In normal state, functions as clear entry in case of depression after number read-in, and all-clear except memory in case of depression after completion of calculation.
- 4) In any state, clears all except memory and TAB when successively depressed twice.

Examples	Key operation	Display	Remarks
999999999 x 9 = 8999999991	1) 99999999 9 	99999999. 8.9.9.9.9.9.9. 8.9999999	Overflow error Approximate number display (x 10 <sup>8</sup> )

Calculations	Examples	Operations
Addition & Subtraction	$500 - 25 + 50 - 30 = 495$	500 $\frac{[-]{25}}{[+]{50}} \frac{[-]{30}}{[=]} \rightarrow 495$ .
Multiplication & Subtraction	$2.2 \times 3.3 \times 4.4 \div 5.5 = 5.808$	2.2 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 5.808$
Constant calculation	$2 + 3 = 5$ $4 + 3 = 7$	2 $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 5$ . 4 $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 7$ .
	$11.11 \times 99.99 = 1110.8889$ $33.33 \times 99.99 = 3332.6667$	11.11 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 1110.8889$ 33.33 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 3332.6667$
Repeat addition & subtraction	$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$	5 $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 10$ . Same result is obtained by $\frac{[+]}{[+]}$ key depression instead of $\frac{[+]}{[+]}$ key.
	$2 - 2 - 2 - 2 = -4$	2 $\frac{[-]}{[-]} \frac{[-]}{[-]} \frac{[-]}{[-]} \frac{[-]}{[-]} \rightarrow 0$ . $\frac{[-]}{[-]} \rightarrow 2$ $\frac{[-]}{[-]} \rightarrow 4$

Calculations	Examples	Operations
Power calculation	$3^2 = 9$ $3^3 = 27$ $3^4 = 81$	3 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 9$ . Same result is obtained by $\frac{[x]}{[x]}$ key depression instead of $\frac{[x]}{[x]}$ key.
Mixed calculation	$\frac{(123 + 456) \times 12 + 789}{741} = 10.441295$	123 $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 741$ $\rightarrow 10.441295$ $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 10.44130$ $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 10.441$ , $\frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \frac{[+]}{[+]} \rightarrow 10.441295$
Tax/Discount calculation	$500 + (500 \times 15\%) = 575$ . $500 - (500 \times 20\%) = 400$ .	500 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 575$ . 500 $\frac{[-]}{[-]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 400$ .
Fractional calculation	$5\frac{4}{3} + 1/2 = 6.8333333$	5 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 6.8333333$
	$9\frac{6}{3} \times 2/5 = 4.4$	9 $\frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \frac{[x]}{[x]} \rightarrow 4.4$

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## SPECIFICATIONS

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Power source:	DC: SUM-3E x 5 AC: Adaptor EL-97 Operates for 16 hours on five manganese dry batteries.....(at 20°C) (Slightly changes according to the kinds of the batteries and the way of use. (AM-3 x 5 ..... 26H)
Capacity:	8 digits
Decimal point:	TAB-set (N=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7) and complete floating mode (N=8,9)
Calculations:	4 arithmetic calculations, constant calculation, power calculation, reciprocal calculation, tax/discount calculation, chain calculation, repeat addition & subtraction, approximate calculation, percentage calculation, unit conversion calculation, fractional calculation.
Components:	LSI, etc.
Memory register:	3
Temperature:	0°C-40°C (32°F-104°F)
Power consumption:	DC: 0.47W
Dimensions:	89(W) x 34(H) x 149(D)mm, 3-1/2"(W) x 1-7/16"(H) x 5-7/8"(L)
Weight:	320g

\* DESIGN AND SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

MEMO

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